

## TYPES OF COVID-19 TESTS AND WHEN TO USE THEM

COVID-19 testing should be combined with safety measures such as masking and social distancing.

## TEST AT THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S OFFICE OR TESTING SITE

POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION (PCR) TEST NASAL SWAB	<ul> <li>What is it? This test looks for the virus' genetic material (RNA) in a patient's sample. A sample is collected by inserting a swab into a person's nostril and taking cells from the back of the nose. Some lab tests allow for patients to spit into a tube to get a saliva sample.</li> <li>When should you take this test? Make an appointment with your health care provider if you have been exposed or if you are experiencing symptoms.</li> <li>When can you expect results and how accurate will they be? Depending on the lab your provider uses, you can expect to receive your results within 24–72 hours. The PCR test is the gold standard when it comes to COVID-19 testing.</li> </ul>
AT-HOME TYPES OF TESTS	
AT-HOME NASAL SWAB WITH LAB-BASED PCR TEST	<b>What is it?</b> This is a similar type of test used at the health care provider's office, but you collect the nasal swab yourself and mail it to a laboratory to be analyzed.
	When should you use this test? Use this test after an exposure or when you begin experiencing symptoms. Test is collected at home but the sample is analyzed at your healthcare provider's office or a local testing site.
	When can you expect results and how accurate will they be? At-home tests can typically take anywhere between two to four days for results. Since these tests are PCR tests performed in a laboratory, these results have a higher accuracy than at-home antigen tests.
SALIVA PCR TEST	What is it? This is a similar type of test used at the health care provider's office, but you collect the saliva sample yourself and mail it off to a laboratory to be analyzed. Similar to swab tests, saliva is a specimen that can be collected for PCR testing. Saliva is typically easier — and more comfortable — to collect from a patient, compared to a nasopharyngeal swab.
	When should you use this test? Use this test after an exposure or when you begin experiencing symptoms.
	When can you expect results and how accurate will they be? At-home mail away tests can typically take anywhere between two to four days for results. Since these tests are PCR tests performed in a laboratory, these results have a higher accuracy than at-home antigen tests.
RAPID AT-HOME ANTIGEN TESTS	What is it? The rapid at-home antigen tests detect a viral protein in the nasal sample.
	When should you use this test? Use this test when attending at gathering or event (take the test the day of event); after an exposure; when you begin to experience symptoms; and this may be used in some situations to return to work.
	<b>How does this test produce results?</b> Using a nasal swab, antigen tests can produce results in 15 minutes.
	When can you expect results and how accurate will they be? These tests are available for purchase where at-home tests are sold. These tests are faster and less expensive than PCR tests, but there is an increased chance of false-negative results. If an at-home antigen test is negative, continue to wear a mask in public settings, around those who are unvaccinated and/or high-risk. If you have symptoms and an at-home test is positive, contact your health care provider to see if you need treatment. A follow-up PCR might also be recommended to ensure your case is tracked by public health officials.